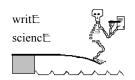
## What colour is black?



How is black ink made? Do you think it is pure black, or made up of other colours?



Diagram 1: what are black paint and black ink coloured with?

In science, we can answer this question with **chromatography**. *Chroma* is an old word for 'colour', and *chroma*tography means 'separating colours'.

To find out what colours make up black, we will need to conduct an **investigation**. Investigations are all about carefully finding out what happens. In today's investigation, you will use chromatography to find evidence for the makeup of black ink.

## **Equipment**

5

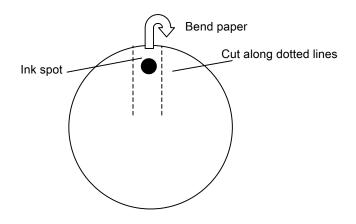
10

Filter paper

15 100ml beaker or a small glassBlack texta (check it is water soluble)

## Method

1. Cut the filter paper as shown in the diagram:



- 2. Place one dot of black ink in the verycentre. Wait 10 seconds for it to dry.
  - 3. Continue to place another 9 dots on the same spot, waiting for each to dry.
  - 4. Put enough water in the beaker, so that it will just cover the end of the filter paper flap. Place the flap of the filter paper in the beaker.

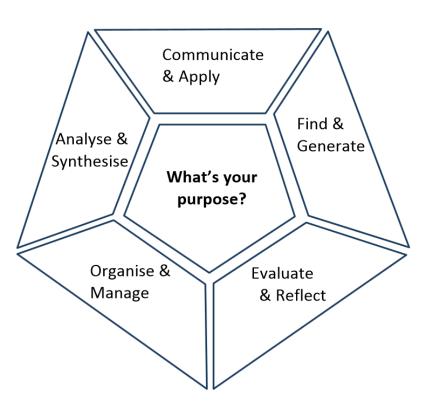
Record your observations as they happen, and infer what happened.

25

Part 1. Purpose of	the text			
Find the main words below.	from the text, and	try to explain wh	nat they mean. O	rganise them
a. Title (purpose)				
Main word(s)				
Line number				
Meaning				
Part 2. Synthesise	answers to these	questions:		
a. What do you do	o after you cut the f	filter paper?		
b. What do you do	o after you place a	dot of black ink	on the filter pape	er?
c. What will happe	en as soon as the f	filter paper touch	nes the water?	
d. Why place ten	dots of ink on the s	same place?		

Part 3. Chromatography inve	estigation	
<ol> <li>Synthesise a prediction colours?</li> </ol>	on. Is black ink made of black o	nly, or is it made of different
think black ink is made of		
2. <b>Generate</b> observation	data and <b>organise</b> your data	into a table.
Before the water met the nk	During the investigation	After ther investigation
Word description:		
Drawing:		
3. Infer why you think this	happened. My <b>analysis</b> of wh	y this happened is
4. <b>Synthesise</b> 2 question	ns you have after completing thi	s writE science activity.

Part 4. Communicate and apply your understanding of the topic. Write two sentences, each containing one of the main words from the text on page 1.



Part 5. Evaluate and reflect.
Evaluate your inference.

Reflect by suggesting ways to improve this activity.

## Page 4 and onwards given out at teachers' discretion. Teacher's notes:

This sheet was actually the final modified product of the two primary workshops. They should not be seen as a static resource, but dynamic, modifiable to suit each class' needs. Last year I gave students computer lab time to generate their own writE science sheets - some were fantastic, taking a story like *Three Billy Goats Gruff*, and modifying it to suit a practical activity.