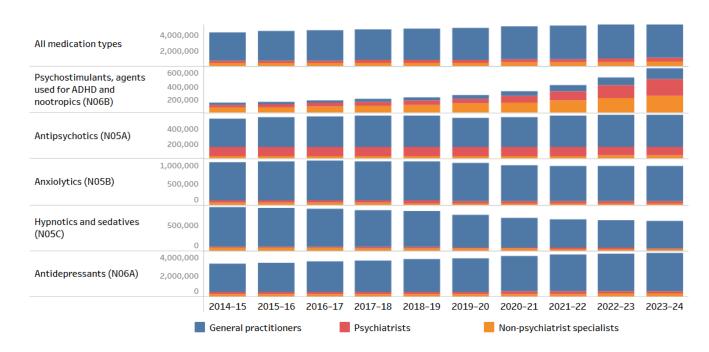


Figure 1: Consumption of psychotropic medicines in 65 countries and regions, 2019

## Psychotropic medicine consumption (DDD per 1000 inhabitants per day)

0 – 9
10 – 39
40 – 99
96 – 139
140 – 234
No data

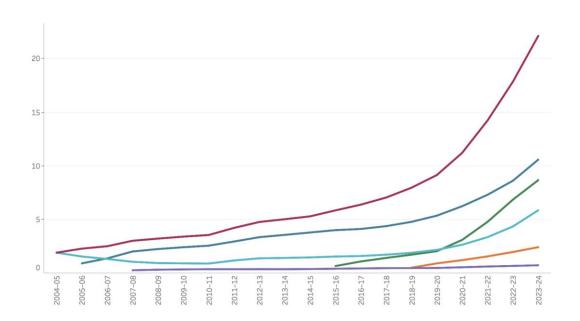
Lancet Psychiatry. 2021 Dec; 8(12):1071–1082. doi: 10.1016/S2215-0366(21)00292-3.



**Figure 2:** Number of patients prescribed mental-health related prescriptions in Australia, by type of medication and prescribing medical practitioner 10-year trend: 2014–15 to 2023–24

Medication Type	General Practitioners	Psychiatrists	Non-psychiatric Specialists
All medication types	3,597,548 – 4,431,204	322,692 – 498,629	340,155 – 559,317
Psychostimulants, agents	31,797 – 160,072	38,181 – 248,622	76,097 – 254,561
used for ADHD and			
nootropics (N06B)			
Antipsychotics (N05A)	373,563 – 417,973	119,631 – 109,945	26,746 – 39,681
Anxiolytics (N05B)	882,110 - 810,739	53,488 – 47,488	46,372 – 38,891
Hypnotics and sedatives	752,334 – 518,285	22,894 – 13,711	55,563 – 34,675
(N05C)			
Antidepressants (N06A)	2,601,163 – 3,518,152	227,175 – 252,384	178,211 – 267,363

Australian Government: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (https://www.aihw.gov.au/mental-health/)



**Figure 3:** Number of people per 1,000 who were prescribed medication for treatment of ADHD in Australia between 2004–05 to 2023–24

Medication	People per 1,000
All ADHD medications	2 – 22
Dexamfetamine	2 – 6
Methylphenidate	1-11
Lisdexamfetamine	1 – 9
Atomoxetine	0-1
Guanfacine	0 – 2

Australian Government: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (https://www.aihw.gov.au/mental-health/)