

APA Referencing Guide

There are many different Author-Date referencing styles (see the Referencing Comparison Sheet for one other). This guide is based on the *Publication manual of the American Psychological Association*.

(In-text citation) in brackets

Reference list format

Electronic media

Journal article viewed online

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| (Curwin, 2010) | Curwin, R. L. (2010). Motivating urban youth. <i>Reclaiming Children and Youth</i> , 19(1), 35-39. Retrieved from www.reclaimingjournal.com |
| (Sinharay, Puhan, & Haberman, 2010) | Sinharay, S., Puhan, G., & Haberman, S. J. (2010). Reporting diagnostic scores in educational testing: Temptations, pitfalls, and some solutions. <i>Multivariate Behavioral Research</i> , 45, 553-573. doi:10.1080/00273171.2010.483382 |

Website

- | | |
|--|---|
| (American Psychological Association, 2010) | American Psychological Association. (2010). Ethical principles of psychologists and code of conduct. Retrieved from http://apa.org/ethics/code/index.aspx |
|--|---|

Website which changes frequently (with paragraph number in in-text citation)

- | | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| ("Psychology," 2001, para. 12) | Psychology. (2001). Retrieved December 5, 2010, from http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Psychology |
|--------------------------------|--|

Website with no date

- | | |
|--|--|
| (Australian Permanent Mission to the United Nations, n.d.) | Australian Permanent Mission to the United Nations. (n.d.). Current issues. Retrieved from http://www.australiaun.org/unny/resources.html |
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Electronic version of a print book

- | | |
|---------------|--|
| (James, 1890) | James, W. (1890). <i>The principles of psychology</i> . New York, NY: Holt. Retrieved from http://ebooks.adelaide.edu.au |
|---------------|--|

Newspaper or Magazine article viewed online

- | | |
|-------------------|--|
| (Rotherham, 2010) | Rotherham, A. J. (2010, October 21). Paging Principal Skinner: Evaluating school leaders. <i>Time</i> . Retrieved from http://www.time.com/time/nation/article/0,8599,2026632,00.html |
|-------------------|--|

Online forum or discussion/Electronic mail list/Blog post

- | | |
|----------------|---|
| (Mather, 2010) | Mather, P.-A. (2010, September 24). Re: Medium of instruction for Creole languages [Online forum comment]. Retrieved from http://linguistlist.org/sp/get-discussion.cfm?submissionid=2649196 |
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Facebook page (publically available page with estimated date)

- | | |
|------------------|--|
| (Webb, ca. 2010) | Webb, D. [ca. 2010]. All about psychology. In <i>Facebook</i> [Profile page]. Retrieved December 6, 2010, from http://www.facebook.com/pages/#!/psychologyonline |
|------------------|--|

Emails – see *Other Source Types - Personal communication*

Periodicals – journals, magazines and newspapers**Journal article with one author**

(Habel, 2009) Habel, C. (2009). Academic self-efficacy in ALL: Capacity-building through self-belief. *Journal of Academic Language and Learning*, 3(2), A94-A104.

Journal article with six or more authors

(Amsel et al., 2009) Amsel, E., Johnston, A., Alvarado, E., Kettering, J., Rankin, L. & Ward, M. (2009). The effect of perspective on misconceptions in psychology: A test of conceptual change theory. *Journal of Instructional Psychology*, 36, 289-295.

Journal article with eight or more authors

(Crisp et al., 2009) Crisp, G., Palmer, E., Turnbull, D., Nettelbeck, T., Ward, L., LeCouteur, A. ... Schneider, L. (2009). First year student expectations: Results from a university-wide student survey. *Journal of University Teaching and Learning Practice*, 6(1), 13-26. Retrieved from <http://ro.uow.edu.au/jutlp>

Magazine article

(Kluger, Sharples, & Silver, 2007) Kluger, J., Sharples, T., & Silver, A. (2007). What makes us moral. *Time*, 170(23), 54-60.

Newspaper article with no author

("A second shot," 2010) A second shot at education enriches us all. (2010, October 21). *The Advertiser*, p. 16.

Books**Book with one author** (with city and country for publisher & page number for specific idea or quotation in in-text citation)

(O'Shea, 2009, p. 6) O'Shea, P. (2009). *So you think you can learn: An evidence based guide to improving learning*. Brisbane, Australia: Cadamon.

Book with more than one author (with city and state for publisher)

(Haslam, Reicher, & Platow, 2010) Haslam, S. A., Reicher, S., & Platow, M. (2010). *The new psychology of leadership: Identity, influence, and power*. New York, NY: Psychology Press.

Book with DOI

(Spolsky & Hult, 2007) Spolsky, B., & Hult, F. M. (2007). *The handbook of educational linguistics*. doi: 10.1111/b.9781405154109.2007.x

Book with group/corporation/association/government agency as author

(American Psychological Association, 2010) American Psychological Association. (2010). *Publication manual of the American Psychological Association* (6th ed.). Washington, DC: Author.

Book chapter

(Juslin, 2008) Juslin, P. N. (2008). Emotional responses to music. In S. Hallam, I. Cross, & M. Thaut (Eds.), *The Oxford handbook of music psychology* (pp. 377-389). New York, NY: Oxford University Press.

Book with several editions

(Fromkin, 2009) Fromkin, V. (2009). *An introduction to language* (6th ed.). South Melbourne: Cengage Learning Australia.

Book with a volume number

(McIntosh, Samuels, & Benskin, 2005) McIntosh, A., Samuels, M. L., & Benskin, M. (1987). *A linguistic atlas of late mediaeval English: Vol. 3. Linguistic profiles*. New York, NY: Aberdeen University Press.

Book written in a foreign language (give a translation of the book title only)

(Molinari & Labella, 2007) Molinari, E., & Labella, A. (2007). *Psicologia clinica: Dialoghi e confronti* [Clinical psychology: Dialogue and confrontation]. Milan: Springer.

Translated book

(Debray, 2007) Debray, R. (2007). *Praised be our lords: A political education* (J. Howe, Trans.). London, England: Verso.

Classics/the Koran/the Bible

(Aristotle, trans. 1912) *No entry on reference list*
 (Qu'ran 22:46)
 (2 Timothy 3:14, New International Version)

Other source types**Lecture notes/course materials given online**

(Coddington, 2000) Coddington, P. (2000). Internet computing [Lecture notes]. Retrieved from <http://www.dhpc.adelaide.edu.au/education/dhpc/2000/internet.pdf>

(Glonek, 2010) Glonek, G. (2010). Session 12: Summary of advanced methods [video]. In *Writing and Speaking at Uni: Researcher Education & Development: Statistics for Research Students* (online course, University of Adelaide, Australia). Retrieved from <https://myuni.adelaide.edu.au>

Conference paper

(Falkner, McEntee, Palmer, & Botten, 2008) Falkner, K., McEntee, J., Palmer, E., & Botten, J. (2008). Establishing an education community of practice. *31st Conference of Higher Education Research & Development Society of Australasia: Engaging Communities*. Retrieved from <http://www.herdsa.org.au/wp-content/uploads/conference/2008/media/Falkner.pdf>

Symposium contribution/Conference presentation

(McGrath, 2009) McGrath, H. (2009, May). An evidence-based positive psychology approach to student wellbeing. In *The First Australian Positive Psychology in Education Symposium*. Symposium conducted at the meeting of the Australian Positive Psychology Association, Sydney, Australia.

Thesis

(Leahy, 2009) Leahy, C. (2009). *Peer responses to psychologically distressed tertiary students: The detection of distress and the helping behaviours of student colleagues from medicine, compared to psychology, law and mechanical engineering students* (Doctoral thesis, University of Adelaide, Australia). Retrieved from <http://digital.library.adelaide.edu.au/dspace/handle/2440/56314>

Entry in a dictionary/an encyclopaedia

("Evil, creativity and spirituality," 2010) Evil, creativity and spirituality. (2010). In D. A. Leeming, K. Madden, & S. Marlan (Eds.), *Encyclopedia of psychology and religion* (pp. 198-199). New York, NY: Springer. Retrieved from: <http://www.springerlink.com>

Personal communication (letters, emails, memos, interviews, telephone conversations)

(M. Augoustinos, personal communication, November 11, 2010) *No entry on reference list*

Radio or television podcast/broadcast

(*Great myths*, 2010) *Great myths of popular psychology* [Audio podcast]. (2010, February 22). Retrieved from <http://www.abc.net.au/rn/counterpoint/stories/2010/2826814.htm>

("False memories," 2010) False memories [Television series episode]. (2010). In *Catalyst*. Sydney, Australia: ABC Television. Retrieved from <http://www.abc.net.au/catalyst/stories/2848614.htm>

CD-ROM/DVD/Film/Maps/Pamphlet/Video

("Understanding Drug Use," 1998) Understanding Drug Use [Computer software]. (1998). Perth, Australia: WA Alcohol and Drug Authority in conjunction with Southern Public Health Unit.

Patent

(Keller & Dolan, 2004) Keller, E. B., & Dolan, M. J. (2004). *U.S. Patent No. 7,653,568*. Washington, DC: U.S. Patent and Trademark Office.

Notes

Order of references

- Put references on the reference list in alphabetical order.
- Put references by exactly the same author/s in chronological order (earliest first) on the reference list.
- For an in-text reference to two sources with similar or related ideas, put the work that is first on the reference list first, followed by a semicolon (;) and then the work that is second on the reference list (alphabetically) e.g. (Amsel et al., 2009; Habel 2009).

Authors/Editors

- For works with no identified author, the in-text reference uses the first few words from the title and then the year. If the words used are an article or book chapter title, use double quote marks. (See Newspaper article with no author). Use 'Anonymous' only if this is used on the work itself.
- For seven or less authors, write all names in full on the reference list.
- For eight or more authors use the first six authors' surnames and initials on the reference list, then use '...', and then give the final author's surname and initials.
- For three to five authors use all authors' surnames in the first in-text references, and then use only the first author's surname and 'et al.'
- For six or more authors always use the first author's surname and 'et al.' in in-text citations. (See Journal article with six or more authors).
- For in-text references, use 'and' between surnames in the main text and '&' in brackets.
- Use the abbreviation (Ed.) or (Eds.) in brackets following the name/s to distinguish editor/s (from author/s). For books with both authors and editors, put the author surname/s first at the start of the reference, then for the editors put the initial/s first and then the surname/s.
- Works by exactly the same author/s published in the same year are included in the reference list in alphabetical order by title with a, b, c added to the year in both in-text references and reference list entries.

Year

- For works with no publication date recorded, use 'n.d.'
- For most websites, the year the site was last updated is sufficient and a retrieval date is unnecessary. Give a retrieval date for websites which may change frequently, such as Wikis (after carefully considering the appropriateness of these sources; see Website which changes frequently & Facebook page).
- The year can be omitted in the second in-text reference within one paragraph.

Titles

- Use italics for journal, book and other whole-source titles. Use regular font style for titles of sections of sources (e.g. journal articles, book chapters, posts to message boards).
- Use capitals for all words (except 'of' etc) in a journal or series title. Use a capital letter for only the first word of a book, article, report, chapter or volume title (and any proper nouns). (See examples of journal article and book chapter).

Publication details

- For unusual source types, include a description immediately after the title. Common descriptions include: [Demographic map], [CD], [DVD], [Brochure], [Electronic mailing list message], [Web log message], and for public Facebook pages, [Fan page] or [Group page]. (See Facebook page).
- Include the city and an abbreviation for the state for books or reports published in the US, and the city and country for books or reports published elsewhere.
- If the publisher is the same as the author, use 'Author' instead of repeating the name.
- If a DOI (digital object identifier) is available, leave out all publication details and use the abbreviation "doi:" followed by the DOI. (This number can be entered at the website crossref.org/ to access the electronic version of the source.)
- For journals, only include an issue number (in addition to a volume number) if the pages are numbered from 1 for each issue.

Page/Chapter/Paragraph/Verse/Line numbers

- When quoting or referring to specific ideas, include page numbers where possible.
- Paragraph numbers can be used for electronic sources.
- When available, part / chapter / line / verse numbers can be used instead of page numbers.

Online versions

- Most sources follow the same referencing format for both paper and electronic versions, except they end with a digital object identifier (DOI) or URL (home page URL of journal/publisher, not article URL and not database information), and may not include page numbers. (See Journal article viewed online, Newspaper or magazine article viewed online, Electronic version of a print book).

Sources that do not go on the Reference List – use in-text citations only

- Secondary sources – when someone writes about what someone else said or thought. In the in-text references, include the name/s of the original author/s followed by the words 'as cited in' and the surname/s and year for the work you actually read e.g. (O'Regan as cited in Habel, 2009, p. A-94). Only put the secondary source (book/article) you actually read on your reference list.
- Personal communication
- Classics/the Koran/the Bible
- Private Facebook pages with content only visible to friends – reference as Personal communication.
- Lecture handouts (not available online) or your lecture notes – find similar ideas in published sources whenever possible. When not possible, reference as Personal communication.

All the examples in this style sheet are based on:

American Psychological Association. (2010). *Publication manual of the American Psychological Association* (6th ed.). Washington, DC: Author.

Other useful resources:

<http://www.apastyle.org/apa-style-help.aspx>
<http://blog.apastyle.org/apastyle/2010/01/the-generic-reference-who.html>
<http://blog.apastyle.org/apastyle/social-media/>

8 February 2012